(XXVIIth YEAR.) THE (Nº. 1402)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, JULY 23, 1772.

WARSAW, *April* 8.

GENERAL Elmpt has already entered Lithuania with a body of light troops, consisting of between 15 and 16000 horse, and 10 and 11000 foot.

Mr. Benoit, Envoy from the King of Prussia, has declared, that his master's troops had orders now to act against the Confederates; and the Russian Minister has in like manner declared, that from the present time they will no longer set at liberty any of the Confederates who may be made prisoners.

CONSTANTINOPLE, *April* 17. The Russians have again passed the Danube near Ruzzig, and obtained some advantage over the Turks, who wanted to hinder their passing that river.

We hear that the armistice between the Porte and Russia was concluded on the 5th of this month, and that a regular correspondence will be established between Jassy (the place where the congress is to be held) and the cities of Vienna, Petersburg, Warsaw, Berlin, and Constantinople.

BERLIN, *April* 21. Major General Anhalt, whom the King sent about two months ago into Poland, to examine and set in order the line of his Majesty's troops there, is returned. Before his departure from Poland, this General dispersed, with 800 horse, a body of 2000, under the orders of Zaremba, who lost in this 400 men, that is to say, 250 killed on the spot, and 150 taken prisoners, together with 6 pieces of cannon. A little before the action the confederates insulted the line of our troops, on which General Anhalt acquainted Zaremba, that if he did so again he would attack them; but the Confederates renewing their insults, General Anhalt kept his word, and gave them a thorough drubbing.

LONDON,

April 28. A company of foot, intended for the youngest son of Lord Holland, who is at present a Cornet of Horse, was among the commissions from Ireland that were rejected by the King, and sent back unsigned.

We are informed from good authority, that peace, in the east of Europe, notwithstanding the late cessation of arms, is far from being so certain an event as has been imagined. The Empress of Russia will not permit the Tartars of Crimea to return to their dependencies on the Porte, and the Turks, if they permit the Russians to navigate the Black Sea, may give up at once Constantinople.

Many a man has made his fortune by marriages. If the King of Denmark goes on as he has begun, he will probably do the same. He got, if we remember right, 100,000 l. with his wife. He now offers her in return 10,000 dollars, that is about 2000 l. so he will clear by the match 98,000 l. a pretty round sum! Few men, we believe, however averse to matrimony, would refuse to take a wife for two or three years upon the same conditions.

The advices from Copenhagen say, that six spacious apartments in the castle of Aalbourgh are to be allotted for the Queen of Denmark, and that there is to be a kind of Court kept up there, under certain limitations.

May 2. With regard to the fate of the Queen of Denmark, it is now with confidence asserted, that she is to be sent to Zell, and to have a pension in lieu of her portion from Denmark, equal to 4000 l. per annum sterling; also that her loose behaviour in the Court was too notorious to be in any manner vindicated; but there were other crimes of a blacker die laid against her. Our Court say, that the fleet which they had ordered prevented any other punishment being inflicted upon her than a divorce. This is, however, doubted by many, who say, that, upon a fleet's being ordered to be fitted out, the French and Prussian ministers interfered, which so effectually frightened our Court, that they gave private assurances, the orders for fitting out the fleet should be countermanded, if they would join in an application to the Danish Court to deliver up the Queen to the English Minister, who would conduct her to Zell; which has been complied with.—— Without metaphor or exaggeration, she may be justly called the Messalina of Denmark.

A letter from Constantinople, dated March 19, says, "A squadron is fitting out to oppose the enemies projects in the Black Sea, and several thousand workmen are sent to the Streights of Constantinople, to repair the forts and to erect new batteries and entrenchments, in order to make those streights as formidable as the Dardanelles. His Highness has entered into contract with several merchants of different nations to furnish this capital with provisions, and foreign vessels are daily arriving here with them; so that there is at present sufficient in the magazines for the support of an army.

The committee on the bill for allowing the free importation of rice from any of his Majesty's colonies in America into this kingdom, went through with amendments, to be reported to-morrow.

Made further progress in the bill for regulating the importation and exportation of corn.

Lord Mansfield continues to preside in the House of Peers for the Lord Chancellor, on account of the great number of petitions his Lordship has to hear, they amounting to upwards of 160, the greatest number ever remembered.

It is said that, during the course of the speech made by Lord North yesterday in the House of Commons, his Lordship prophesied a peace for ten years to come.

A correspondent says the following may be depended on: Every thing is accommodated with the Court of Denmark. Two men of war are ordered to sail immediately to Copenhagen, with several officers of his Majesty's household on board, to conduct the Queen of Denmark to Patatz, from thence to Hanover, where she is to reside during life.

Extract of a letter from Copenhagen.

"That part of the account in the London prints which I have read here, relating to our Queen, is certainly true, though not altogether in the manner you have it. You must know, our Attorney General acted with great spirit in the trial, and dwelt much upon the part the King has acted in this business. He reminded them, that the King was not the prosecutor, though the offence was alleged against him; nay, his Majesty did not accuse, but declared he was satisfied with the Queen; he confessed he thought her too good a woman for him, and acknowledged that he had long since been convinced in his own conscience, that he was not a man good enough for her; and though he plainly perceived she was no stranger to his infirmities, she never would turn her back upon her husband. When the High Commission Court had heard all this, they began to relent, and, instead of the heavy punishment which was expected, they ordered she should have two stout men every night to attend her."

A nobleman lately arrived in the neighbourhood of St. James's, from Rome, is greatly suspected to have come here on a secret embassy; it is known that he had several audiences of a great personage, and that he does not send his dispatches to Rome by the post, but by special messengers.

A correspondent observed, that those who blame Lord Chatham for neglecting his duty in Parliament, during the whole of the present session, without once appearing there, ought to excuse his Lordship, as it is the first fault of the kind he has been guilty of from the time he first became a member.

We hear that the Spanish Ambassador now here is shortly to be recalled, and that he will be succeeded by the Duke de Villharmosa lately arrived here.

The act passed for the relief of insolvent debtors will clear those who were prisoners or fugitives for debt on or before the first day of January 1772; and the sum allowed every prisoner out of his effects (on delivering up all on oath), for wearing apparel, bedding for himself and family, working tools and necessary implements for his occupation and calling, is not to exceed 20 l. In the preceding insolvent acts the sum allowed was only 10 l. for those uses.

Extract of a letter from Mr. John Downward, cast away on the coast of Barbary, the 22d of March, 1771, to his parents in Liverpool, dated St. Croix, Feb. 25, 1772.

"I arrived here only two days ago, bought by the Jew Lazon Salem, for the King of Barbary, where I believe all the rest of our ship's company are; the only raiment allowed me is about three fourths of a yard of check, and half a yard wide, my food parched barley and water once a day. In this miserable state I lived five months. After five months I was brought to the market, and sold to another Moor for 81. 13s. 4d. sterling, the price of slaves there. Mr. Walbrond being informed of an Englishman being here, sent me a letter to comfort me, informing me he would do his endeavour to redeem me; the King ordered him at his peril to purchase me, as he would purchase me himself, which he has done, and I am to proceed either to the King of Morocco, or Megzinor, three days journey north. The merchant I am now with informs me, it would be proper, and a speedy means, for you and your friends to write to the Governor of Gibraltar, who, on the arrival of the letters, will send a courier to his Majesty to deliver the Christians into his hands."

Letter from an English gentleman at the Danish Court, an attentive observer of what has been passing there ever since the marriage of the present King.

SIR,

BEFORE this can reach London, you will, undoubtedly, have heard of the sudden change that has happened in the Court of Denmark. This comes by favour of Capt. T———, as it is unsafe to write of what passes here by the ordinary post.

You must know, Sir, that, ever since the marriage of the reigning King, but more particularly since the birth of the young Prince, the Dowager Queen, second consort to the late King, despairing of seeing the Crown descend to her son Frederick (now in his 19th year) by lineal succession, has been plotting the ruin of the reigning family, by every artifice her active genius could suggest. She is, in truth, a woman of consummate policy, and has the art of covering the worst designs, under the mask of the most acceptable services.

She began very early to practise upon the young Queen, and, by counterfeiting, at the first interview, a real maternal fondness for her amiable person, she took advantage of her Majesty's youth and inexperience, and ensnared her by deceit. Her dissimulation has all along been carried on with an air of openness and kindness that gained her entire confidence; and, by her ascendency over the Queen's conduct, she has directed measures in such an unpopular manner, as to make her the chief instrument of her own undoing.

It was, indeed, visible enough, to some who were nearest her person, that, from the moment the Queen was welcomed into Denmark by the acclamations of a joyful people, the Dowager conceived a jealousy of her popularity. It was, however, to no purpose to counsel her to be upon her guard; she never could be persuaded to suspect the sincerity of a mother, who, by her assiduities, gave daily proof of her affectionate regard.

The Dowager found the Queen passionately fond of the fashionable diversions of the English nation, and it was her only foible to pay too slight an attention to the genius and manners of the Danish people. The Dowager encouraged her in her attachment to the one, and in the disregard she was but too apt to shew to the other. At the same time her policy was such, that, while she flattered her Majesty's vanity by applauding her elegance and taste, she was in secret fomenting a party against her, and insinuating that the Queen had nothing at heart but imitating foreign splendor, and amusing herself with foreign entertainments—entertainments calculated, indeed, to captivate the minds of giddy youth, but of the most pernicious tendency to corrupt their morals; that she despised the simplicity and plainness of the Danish Court, and would in time cause English levity, and English libertinism, to triumph over the opposite virtues for which the Court of Denmark had ever been respected.

By these insinuations she first poisoned the minds of her select friends, who only whispered their discontent to their confidants; but, as soon as the Prince was born, and the King had made his tour to England, reports of a like or worse tendency were circulated with unbridled freedom all over the kingdom. Every motion and every action of the King and Queen were then narrowly watched; and those measures, which the Dowager countenanced and encouraged by her subtlety at Court, she had the audacity to disapprove and condemn to those whom she knew seldom or never frequented it.

Men do not, in this country, so frequently attend the accouchment of ladies, as in England. The physician who presided at the birth of the Prince, by his care and assiduities during that critical period, very naturally attracted the notice of the Queen. He became a favourite of the King; and, being a gentleman by birth and by profession, insensibly grew into familiarity about the palace. Sovereigns have not always the discretion to preserve the dignity of supreme power, by keeping those with whom they are daily conversant at a proper distance. This gentleman was, however, the more acceptable, as he was useful in two respects, and served both as a physician and linguist to the Queen, who, not being mistress of the language of the people over whom she was destined to reign, was more than ordinary solicitous to acquire that qualification, with a view to render her conversation more general, as well as more pleasing, to those who casually came about the Court.

The Dowager did not fail, when the proper opportunity offered, to interpret this innocent familiarity into the most scandalous and infamous correspondence, and to wisper, among her party, that the intercourse between St——e and the Queen might be traced in the features of the young Princess. Happy it was for the Queen, and it may be for the whole nation, that the prying eye of malice could never discover the least blemish in her Majesty's deportment before the birth of the young Prince; for, though the atrociousness of the crime caused the calumny to be received with abhorrence, when first it was insinuated, yet the balls and masquerades, that had been promoted and countenanced, and the consequences that had been predicted to follow, happening just as the Dowager formerly foretold, the graveft matrons about the Court, who are ever most readily disposed to credit the worst, did not hesitate to pronounce, that there was but too much room for suspicion, since balls and masquerades, and other licentious entertainments, were the Queen's favourite amusements, and since infidelity to husbands, among persons of condition in England, was so frequent, it was hardly held a crime. Thus, what at first was utterly disbelieved, and could hardly be endured without visible resentment, even by her worst enemies, took air at last among the multitude, and was currently reported in every village.

All this while the Dowager had the address to carry on her plot without being suspected even by those with whom she was most intimate. Her discourse, at the time she was suggesting the worst practices, was always tempered with seeming concern for the young Sov-

reigns; and, while she was dispensing the poisonous pills, she was crafty enough to gild it over with a golden leaf. This duplicity in her behaviour gave her an opportunity of frequenting the Court without suspicion; and, while every body thought she was employed in stifling the evil reports which herself had raised, (*though she always gave out such things were told to her*); she was in fact the chief instrument in spreading them.

The depth of her policy will hardly meet with credit from those who are not conversant in court intrigues; yet it may be in some measure penetrated by a short retrospect to her past conduct. No one was more forward than the Dowager in applauding the curiosity of the King to visit England, the nation of whose manners he had heard so much, and with whose Sovereign he was so intimately connected, both as a brother and an ally. She even pressed him to undertake the journey, and named the noblemen whom she judged the most proper to attend him: These were persons of inflexible fidelity to his person, and who, she knew, would be most acceptable to his Majesty to accompany him. Her views may be easily discerned in advising the one, and nominating and recommending the other. By the latter, she removed from the kingdom the great enemies to her projects; and, by the former, she acquired the greater freedom to set her incendiary engines to work, and to supply them with fuel to keep them in full play.

The Physician St——see, who had quitted his ordinary practice, was by the King's favour advanced to the peerage, and was now wholly employed at Court. In the absence of the King, the government of the kingdom was, in a great measure, committed to his care, and he had many private conferences with the Queen on the affairs of state. In one of these, it is said, he hinted to her Majesty his suspicions of the Dowager; but she would believe her capable of harm, and rejected his advice with manifest dislike.

Among other arts the Dowager made use of, while his Majesty remained abroad, it was a masterpiece to infuse into the Queen's mind a jealousy of the King. To do this, his Majesty's long absence furnished her with a favourable opportunity. She even named the persons with whom his Majesty had formed connexions, and was so particular in mentioning times and circumstances, that the Queen could not entertain the least doubt of the truth of the intelligence: and although she behaved, on this occasion, with a dignity and firmness superior to her sex, never giving the most distant hint in any of her letters to the King while abroad; yet his Majesty could not help discerning on his return home a kind of reserve in the Queen that was not natural to her, though at that time he attributed it to quite another cause.

This stroke of female policy laid the foundation of every evil that has since overwhelmed the unhappy Queen. It paved the way, in every respect, to facilitate the purpose which the Dowager intended by it. It made the King more easily susceptible of the bad suggestions that were afterwards to be infused. It gave him a suspicion of the officers who attended him, as if they had misrepresented his conduct while abroad, and had reported something to his disadvantage which had reached the ears of the Queen. And it has given the people reason to conclude, that the Queen had formed in his absence that odious connexion which has since been laid to her charge.

WILLIAMSBURG.

The publick may be assured, upon the best authority, that the petition lately presented to his Majesty for an AMERICAN BISHOP was rejected; it having been considered, in its true light, as the desire of a few meddling Priests, and not of the People.

PROVIDENCE, *July* 4.

Since our last Capt. John Peck arrived here from the river Mississippi, with whom came passenger Joseph Nash, Esq; of this town. By him we learn, that since the conclusion of the peace the French and Spaniards had seduced seven nations of Indians from the English, by means of medals, colours, and other presents, and settled them on the western banks of the Mississippi; but that John Thomas, Esq; deputy superintendent of Indian affairs in that department, has lately arrived there, and, from his former acquaintance with the Indians, and surprising influence he has over them, all the above nations have determined to return and settle on the English side of the river. The warlike nation of the Arkansas have determined to join the Chickesaws, Shawanese, and Cherokees, in a war against the Kickapoos, for killing some English settlers on the Ohio and Mississippi.

We further learn, that an unhappy dispute having lately arisen between the superintendent and Mr. Harris, a merchant's clerk at Fort Bute, on the river, they both drew their swords, when Mr. Harris was killed on the spot, and the superintendent slightly wounded. He immediately delivered himself up, and was to take his trial at Pensacola.

NEW-YORK, *July* 13.

In our paper of the 29th ult. we gave an account of Capt. Davies, and some other Captains, that left their vessels at sea, and went to Swan's Island, near the Bay of Honduras, in order to turn some turtle, &c. and that they were supposed to be either taken off by the Spaniards, or drowned; since which we have received the following relation of that matter, viz. That the Captains, Davies, Burk, and Chambers, with three of their men, remained on the island the night they went ashore, and next day put to sea to look for their vessels, it being pretty calm, but could not discover them; when they endeavoured to make the island again, but were not able to effect it, and the sea breeze blowing very fresh, they were obliged to bear away, and after nine days got to Rattan, having nothing to subsist on during that time but two dogs and their own urine. Capt. Davies and three of the men died a few hours after they landed at Rattan, and were buried on the north side of the island.

A snow from Liverpool arrived at Barbados last May, the Captain of which, being a man of veracity, reported, that about 62 leagues E.*b*.S. from that island he discovered a flat curled rock, a little above the surface of the water; that he hoisted out his boat, went close to it, but could find no bottom with a line of 90 fathom.

We hear from Cocksoky, in Albany county, that, on Friday the 3d instant, there fell at that place a most terrible shower of hail, some of it being near the size of geese eggs. The damage done by it is so great, that it is said whole fields of grass and corn are destroyed, and many farmers will have no harvest this season: several calves, sheep, and hogs, were killed, and two negroes, who happened to be out in the storm, were very much hurt.

TO BE SOLD,

By Way of publick Vendue, on the Premises, the 3*d of* September *next, the following Tracts of Land,* viz.

NEW-YORK, containing 180 Acres (very well wooded and watered) improved, with an Orchard, consisting of Apple and Peach Trees, a Dwelling House, 24 Feet long, 16 wide, Plank floored and shedded, a very good logged House and Tobacco House double shedded.——Part of *Wollifton's* Manor, containing 183 Acres, with a Dwelling House 16 Feet square, shedded, Kitchen, Quarter, Corn House, and a large Tobacco House almost new. The above Tracts of Land are very level, suitable for either planting or farming, in good Repair, and commodiously situated, for fishing or fowling, on *Cuckold's-Creek*, in *Cob-Neck*, *Charles* County. They will be sold, jointly or severally, as shall appear most convenient, and a general Warranty given for each of them. Credit will be given for Half the Cash, on giving Bond and good security to

(w6) RAPHAEL BOARMAN, jun.

DANIEL KING, BRASS FOUNDER,

At the Sign of the Bell *and* Brand, *in* Front-Street, *near* Walnut-Street, Philadelphia,

TAKES this Method to acquaint the Ladies and Gentlemen of *Maryland*, that he intends for *Annapolis* about the End of this Month or the Beginning of *August*, with a neat Assortment of Brass Fire Dogs and Fenders, Fire Shovels and Tongs, and Chimney Backs for the same, on a new Construction, to be fixed in a neat Manner to Marble, Tile or Wood; all which he can with Safety say are neater and more to Order than any yet made on the Continent; they are equal in Strength to any Iron Fire Dogs, and much easier kept clean. As said *King* served his Apprenticeship in *London*, and worked in some of the best Shops in *England*, he flatters himself he can sell his Work as cheap and give his Employers as much Satisfaction, as though they were to import them. He purposes to open his Work at Mr. *John Warren's* Tavern in *Annapolis*, where Orders will be received and punctually complied with, by their humble Servant,

DANIEL KING.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

A WHEELWRIGHT, who thoroughly understands his Business, either to be hired or bought. Good Encouragement will be given by *John Cavender*, near the Dock in *Annapolis*.

Prince-George's County, *July* 14, 1772.

COMMITTED to my Custody as a Runaway, *Joseph Loveday*, says he belongs to the Hon. Col. *John Tayloe* in *Virginia*. His Master is desired to pay Charges and take him from

(2w) RALPH FORSTER, Sheriff.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

July 20, 1772.

RAN away last Night from the Subscribers, near the Head of *Rock-Creek*, *Frederick* County, *Maryland*, Two Irish Convict Servant Men, *viz.*

PATRICK DUFFEE, about 35 Years of Age, 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, a thick well set Fellow, red Complexion, short black Hair, and has a Blemish in one of his Eyes: Had on an old *Russia* Drab Coat and Breeches, Osnabrig Shirt, Felt Hat, and Country made Shoes and Stockings. He has been in the Country about Eight Months.

THOMAS MARTIN, 25 Years of Age (about the same Heighth of *Patrick Duffee*, though not so lusty), dark Complexion, black Eyes, short black Hair, and is marked with the Small-Pox: Had on and took with him Two Osnabrig Shirts, Country Linen Trousers, old blue worsted Stockings, half worn Shoes, dark coloured Pea Jacket, striped Flannel ditto, and a new Felt Hat. He has been in the Country about Six Weeks.

Whoever takes up the said Servants, and secures them, so that their Masters may get them again, shall receive the above Reward, or Five Pounds for either of them, and reasonable Charges if brought Home, paid by

JOHN BAKER,
BASIL BROOKE.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Samuel M'Gray*, in *Baltimore* County, taken up as a Stray, a bright bay Gelding, about 14 Hands high, with a Star on his Forehead, branded thus PS on the near Buttock. The Owner may have him again on proving Property and paying Charges.

July 23, 1772.

WHEREAS my Wife *Sarah White* has eloped from my Bed and Board, these are to forewarn all Persons from crediting her on my Account, as I will pay no Debts of her contracting after the Date hereof.

RICHARD WHITE.

TO BE SOLD,

Pursuant to the last Will and Testament of Henry Hall, *of* Anne-Arundel *County*,

ALL the Lands belonging to the Deceased, lying in *Frederick* County, in Two large Bodies, *viz.*

Part of *Middle Plantation*, on the Branches of *Linganore*, being all that Tract of Land not heretofore sold out or contracted for by the Testator in his Life Time, containing in the Part now to be sold about Three Thousand Acres. The Soil in some Places good, in others stoney and broken; the whole full of Timber, and within Ten Miles of *Frederick-Town*.

The other Lands lie on the Branches of *Bennett's* Creek, consisting chiefly of the *Henry and Elizabeth enlarged*; also some lesser Tracts lying contiguous, such as *Ebony Marsh*, *The Land of Promise*, *Miller's Grove*, *Partnership*, and others adjoining, containing upwards of Three Thousand Acres; within Fourteen Miles of *Frederick-Town* and Thirty from *George-Town*; Plenty of Rail Timber and Firewood, and in some Places Meadow Ground: Also an excellent Mill Seat, and one of the best Ranges for Stock in that County; the Land good for Wheat or Tobacco.

The Sale to begin at *Frederick-Town*, on the Thursday of *Frederick* County *August* Court.——The Title is thought to be indisputable. The Heir at Law, who is now of Age, will join in the Deeds if required. The Terms will be made known on the Day of Sale. Attendance will be given by

THOMAS WATKINS, } acting
THOMAS HENRY HALL, } Executors.

July 14, 1772.

TO BE SOLD AT PUBLICK VENDUE,

On Wednesday the 19*th Day of* August *next, at the House of* Samuel Swearingham, *in* Frederick Town,

A TRACT or Parcel of Land called *Pleasant Plain*, containing One Hundred Acres, more or less, lying on the main Road leading from *Annapolis* to *Frederick Town*, and within 22 Miles of said Town. Likewise a young Negro Wench, who has always been brought up to House Work, and understands every Thing that is necessary to be done in a House. The Sale to be for ready Current Money, Sterling Cash, or good *London* Bills of Exchange. THOMAS RUTLAND, jun.

Baltimore, *July* 4, 1772.

WILLIAM HAMMOND

Has just imported, in the Hope, *Capt.* Hooper, *the* Choptank, *Capt.* Coward, *from* London, *and the* Cicely, *Capt.* Hanby, *from* Liverpool,

A GENERAL Assortment of *European* and *East India* Goods, suitable to the Season, which he will sell Wholesale, at his Store in Mr. *Gough's* Buildings, on very reasonable Terms, for Cash, Country Produce, or short Credit. (6w)

Annapolis, *July* 15, 1772.

THE Subscriber, having furnished himself with Two compleat Workmen in the Shoemaking Business, acquaints the Publick, that he makes all Kinds of Mens Shoes, Ladies Silk and Stuff ditto, in the neatest Manner: Also Boots at a low and reasonable Price.

(3w) JOHN HOWARD.

Charles-Town, *Cæcil* County, *July* 7, 1772.

IN consequence of several Barrels of Fish being stolen at different Times, since the Middle of *May* last, from the Subscriber's Fishery near *Charles-Town*, as well as from sundry other Persons near the same Place, and having received Intelligence of a Couple of small Schooners cruising in *Elk* River, whose Manner of trading was suspicious, I procured a Couple of Vessels to go in Search of them, who were so fortunate as to overtake them. The People belonging to the Schooners seeing themselves pursued, and being conscious of guilt, forsook their Vessels, and made their Escape to Shore. There were found on Board several Barrels of Herrings and Shad, some of them the very Fish stolen from me, and some belonging to others, who have since made their Property appear; there was also on Board a Quantity of Seine Rope, Tobacco, Ship Blocks, and sundry other small Things, which I presume were stolen; the Owners, upon proving their Property, and paying their proportional Part of the Expence, may have them again; and the Vessels (unless claimed by the Owners within Two Months) will be sold by publick Vendue, to defray the Expence and Damage sustained on the Occasion.

(w4) EDWARD PARKER.

ROBERT BUCHANAN

Has just imported, in the Hope, *Capt.* Hooper, *from* London, *and has for Sale, upon the lowest Terms, wholesale or retail, at the Store next Door below the Coffee House*,

A GENERAL Assortment of Goods, amongst which is a Variety of genteel Silks, Chintzes, Millenery and Broad Clothes; best Hyson Tea at 20*s*. fine Green at 12*s*. 6*d*. superfine Bohea at 10*s*. and common Bohea at 5*s*. *per lb*.

TO BE SOLD,

THE Time of an indented Servant Man, by Trade a Cabinetmaker and House Joiner, who about Three Years to serve. For Particulars quire of the Printer.

JUST IMPORTED,

the Ship Martha, *Capt.* Brooks, *from* London, *and opened for Sale, by* ROBERT ADAM *and Co. at their Store in* Alexandria, *upon very low Terms, by Wholesale or Retail, for Cash, Bills, Country Produce, or short Credit,*

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India Chintz
Printed Cotton and Linen
Diaper Table Clothes
Ditto Tea Napkins
Diaper
Muſlin
Silk Handkerchiefs, a Variety
Taffeties
Paduaſoy
Spiceries
Saltpetre
Sulphur
Jar Raiſins
Laſk ditto
Currants
Brown Candy
White ditto
Pepper
Roll Brimſtone
Checks, 3-4, 7-8, and 6-4, Cotton and Linen
Furniture ditto
Bedtick
Bolſter ditto
Bedbunts
Striped Holland
Silk and Worſted Breeches Patterns of different Colours
Black Velveret
Cotton Velvet, a Variety
Died Pillow
Ditto Jeans
White ditto
Figured Dimity
Thickſet, different Colours
Copper Ware, a Variety
Caſes of Pickles
White Lead ground in Oil
Florence Oil
Mens and Womens Shoes and Pumps
Mens Boots
Necklaces, a Variety
Ear-rings, ditto
Egrets
Head and Breaſt Flowers
A ſmall Aſſortment of Medicines
Reels of Fiſhinglines
Ribbons
Ivory Combs
Horn ditto
Tortoiſeſhell ditto
Mens Gloves
Womens ditto and Mitts
Twiſt Buttons
Mohair ditto
Silk Ferrets
Worſted Bindings
Scarf and Silk Twiſt
Mohair
Bohea Tea
Hyſon ditto
Souchong ditto
Rugs
Matraſſes
Striped Coverlids
Bedquilts
Cotton Counterpanes
Iron Pots
Corks
Bath Stoves
Gunpowder
Grindſtones
Beſt *London* old Porter, in Caſks and Hampers
Beſt old red Port ditto
White ditto
A large Aſſortment of Cutlery
Hoes
Axes
Scythes
Square Steel
Bliſtered ditto
Fryingpans
Nails, 3d. 4d. 6d. 8d. 10d. 20d. 30d.
Dutch Ovens
Bruſhes, all Sorts, *&c. &c. &c.*

Weſt India and Continent Rum, Muſcovado and Melaſſes, by the Hogſhead or ſmaller Quantity, double and ſingle refined Sugar, and ſome good Cordage. (3w)

THE MANAGERS of the ANNAPOLIS LOTTERY, at their Meeting on the 4th of this Inſtant, have reſolved to begin the Drawing on Thurſday the Tenth of *September* next; any Tickets then undiſpoſed of will be taken at the Riſque of the Lottery. The Numbers, Blanks and Prizes, are now rolling up.

TO BE SOLD,

At Alexandria, *on Monday the 17th of* Auguſt *next*,

THE *Maryland* Tract of Land, containing 6300 Acres, ſituate in *Frederick* County and Province of *Maryland*.

This Land was formerly advertiſed to be ſold on the 28th Day of *May* laſt, at *Frederick-Town*, but by ſome Miſunderſtanding betwixt the Buyers and Sellers nothing was done; we have therefore determined to diſpoſe of the whole together, and ſhall ſtrike it off to the higheſt Bidder at the Time and Place abovementioned.

As it has already been ſufficiently deſcribed in the former Advertiſements, it is needleſs now to particularize it again, for it is very well known to be an exceeding valuable Tract. Thoſe inclinable to view the Land will pleaſe apply to Mr. *Charles Beatty* at *Frederick-Town*, who is perfectly well acquainted with it, and will faithfully ſhew the whole.

One Third of the Purchaſe Money muſt be paid down, One Third in Twelve Months, and the other Third in Two Years, from the Sale, bearing Intereſt from the Date. Immediate Poſſeſſion will be given, and a moſt clear and undoubted Title will be made to the Purchaſers, by

ADAM STEUART,
THOMAS MONTGOMERIE,
CUMBERLAMD WILSON.

P. S. It having been reported at the laſt Sale, that this Land bore a Quitrent of 10 *per Cent.* we think it neceſſary to inform the Publick, that it pays no more than 4½, which a Sight of the Patent now in our Poſſeſſion will ſufficiently ſhew.

Baltimore, July 1, 1772.

On Monday the 27th Inſtant, at 10 *o'Clock, a. m. at the Union Warehouſe at* Fell's Point, *will be ſold by publick Vendue, for the Benefit of the concerned, ſeparate,*

A SUIT of new Sails for a Ship of 600 Hogſheads of Tobacco Burthen, imported and damaged on Board the Ship *Patowmack*, *Daniel Cock*, Maſter, *per*

(3w) THOMAS BRERETON, Broker.

N. B. I have ſome good Vinegar for Sale.

JOHN BALL

HEREBY informs the Publick in general, and his Friends in particular, that he has removed from the Houſe wherein he lately kept Tavern, to the Houſe of Mr. *Jonathan Pinkney* near the Town Gate, which was formerly kept by Mrs. *M'Cleod*, where he now keeps Tavern, and begs the Continuance of his former Cuſtomers. He aſſures all thoſe who ſhall pleaſe to favour him with their Company, that it ſhall be his conſtant Study and Endeavour to give Satisfaction. (t.f.)

THE former Partnerſhip of *Thomas Williams* and Co. is now nearly expired. It would be extremely agreeable, and it is quite neceſſary for the Partners, to have all former Accounts adjuſted, eſpecially all Accounts for Caſh Articles, and a great Number of Accounts for dry Goods that has very far exceeded the Time of Credit given them. If all ſuch Accounts are not immediately adjuſted and paid off, they may depend on being ſued, as no farther Notice will be given.

Juſt opened for Sale, a large and compleat Variety of Goods from the ſeveral *Britiſh* Manufactories, and *India*, imported by the Captains *Nicholſon* and *Coward* from *London*, and the Two laſt Ships from *Briſtol*, which will be ſold for little more than Coſt and Charges, for ready Caſh or ſhort Credit,

Per THOMAS WILLIAMS and Co.

N B. A few Pair of the beſt *French* Bur and *Cologn* Millſtones, Size, 4 Feet 2 Inches, 4 Feet, and 3 Feet 7 Inches. For Terms apply to *T. W.* and Co. in *Annapolis*, or *Richard Button* in *Baltimore*. Any Sorts or Sizes of Millſtones may be had, at a ſhort Notice, from *T. W.* and Co. (3w)

Virginia, June 10, 1772.

To be LET to the loweſt Bidder, on the Firſt Monday in Auguſt next, *in* Loudoun *County, in the Pariſh of Cameron,*

THE building a Brick Church, 53 by 42 Feet in the Clear, 28 Feet high, or not to exceed 2226 Feet ſuperficial Meaſure, with a Gallery.

The Subſcribers will meet on the Day aforeſaid, at a Spring on *Joſhua Evans*'s Land, near *Sugarland Run*, in ſaid Pariſh, about Five Miles from *Patowmack* River, in order to agree for the building the ſame. It is deſired, that all thoſe who may attend, with a view to undertake the ſame, will bring Plans agreeable to the above Dimenſions.

JAMES LANE,
JAMES COLEMAN, } Churchwardens.

ANNAPOLIS RACES

Will begin on Tueſday the 6th of October *next.*

THERE will be Four Days Sport, a particular Account of which will be ſpeedily inſerted in this Gazette.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

July 16, 1772.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living near *Annapolis*, on the 27th of laſt Month, a Negro Man named NAT, 20 Years old, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, a ſmooth faced likely well made Fellow: Had on, a Felt Hat, old Fearnought Jacket, old blue Cloth under ditto, Oſnabrig Shirt and Crocus Breeches. Whoever takes up and delivers the ſaid Negro to his Maſter ſhall receive 20 Shillings, if above 10 Miles from Home 40 Shillings, and if out of the Province the above Reward, paid by

BRICE T. B. WORTHINGTON.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of Land, containing about 800 Acres, ſituate in *Baltimore* County, near to *Hood*'s Mill, on *Patapſco* Falls, and within One Mile of ſaid Mill, and within Four Miles of Two other Merchant Mills, that always give *Baltimore-Town* Price for Wheat, and within Ten Miles of ſaid Town. The Soil is good for Grain or Graſs, and has an extenſive Range. For Particulars enquire of *Edward Cook*, at Mr. *William Otty*'s, adjoining to ſaid Land.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Veſtry of *St. Anne*'s Pariſh intend to prefer a Petition to the next General Aſſembly of this Province, for an Act to paſs for the Aſſeſſment of a Sum not exceeding One Hundred and Sixty Thouſand Pounds of Tobacco, on the Inhabitants of the ſaid Pariſh, for the Purpoſe of erecting a new Church in the City of *Annapolis*.

Signed per Order,
FREDERICK GREEN, Regiſter.

St. Mary's County, *June* 2, 1772.

COMMITTED to my Cuſtody as a Runaway, a Negro Man who calls himſelf GEORGE DUNN; he is a likely well made Fellow, about 5 Feet 5 or 6 Inches high, has on a white Shirt, old Trouſers, and a Felt Hat. His Maſter (if any) is deſired to take him away and pay Charges to

(4w) JENIFER TAYLOR, Sheriff.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

Frederick County, *June* 18, 1772.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, the 16th Inſtant, an *Iriſh* Servant Man named PATRICK CANNON, between 40 and 45 Years of Age, about 6 Feet high, gray Hair, and a remarkable crooked Finger on his right Hand: Had on a Claret colour'd Coat, a ſtrip'd flannel Waiſtcoat, a blue Cotton Jacket, white Pluſh Breeches, Two Oſnabrig Shirts, One Check ditto, Two Hats, Three Pair of Stockings, Crocus Trouſers, and ſome other Cloathing. It is ſuſpected he has a Paſs, and it is probable he will change his Cloathing. He pretends to ſpeak bad *Engliſh*. Whoever takes up the ſaid Servant, and ſecures him ſo as his Maſter may get him again, ſhall receive the above Reward, and reaſonable Charges if brought Home, paid by

(w3) CHARLES PERRY.

Annapolis, July 7, 1772.

WHEREAS I the Subſcriber intend to leave this Province in a ſhort Time, I hereby requeſt all Perſons indebted to me to make immediate Payment, and thoſe who have any juſt Claims againſt me are deſired to bring in their Accounts within 2 Months from the Date hereof, that they may be adjuſted.

WILLIAM JOHNSON.

N. B. I have on Hand a Sloop's new Mainſail, which will ſuit a Veſſel of about 28 or 30 Tons Burthen; likewiſe a Schooner's Mainſail half worn, ſomething ſmaller, which I will diſpoſe of on very reaſonable Terms, for Caſh only. W. J.

CORN or Wheat (not leſs than Five Buſhels) will be received at Mr. *John Brice*'s Landing on *Severn* River, and returned in Flour at the ſame Place, his Mill being lately repaired and in good Order.

ISAAC GOODING.

N. B. There is a very good Wharf, to which Veſſels of any Size may come. I. G.

June 20, 1772.

WHEREAS I, the Subſcriber, intend to petition the Aſſembly of the Province of *Maryland*, at their next Sitting, in order to obtain a Confirmation of the Title of Part of a certain Tract of Land, in *Kent* County in the ſaid Province, called *Angle's Reſt*, which *David Witherſpoon*, of *Newcaſtle* County, on *Delaware*, purchaſed of *John Carſlak* of *Talbot* County in the Province of *Maryland*: Theſe are therefore to give Notice to all Perſons who may have any Objection to ſuch Petition, then and there to appear and ſhew the ſame, if any there be.

THOMAS WITHERSPOON.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And to be ſold at the PRINTING-OFFICE,

THE

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS of the laſt SESSION of ASSEMBLY.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Thomas Gantt*, in *Prince-George*'s County, taken up as a Stray, a ſmall brown bay Mare, 13 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock W, a ſwitch Tail and hanging Mane. The Owner may have her again on proving Property and paying Charges.

POETRY.

BLEST was that Age when free from mad'ning Strife,
The peaceful Shepherd told his plaintive Tale;
And free from all thoſe Cares that harraſs Life,
Found real Bliſs ſequeſter'd in the Vale.

Content alone the humble Swain purſu'd,
He trac'd her Footſteps in the ſhady Grove;
His fleecy Wealth around, he joyous view'd,
And ſunk in artleſs Strains the Maid he lov'd.

No proud aſpiring Thoughts perplex'd his Breaſt,
Or Search of ſordid Gain his Peace deſtroy'd;
Blythe was each Day—and when he ſunk to Reſt
Sweet were the Slumbers which the Swain enjoy'd.

To poliſh Life, fair Science rear'd her Head,
And num'rous Arts appear'd to deck the Land;
Truths Moral and Divine their Influence ſhed,
And ſocial Virtues clos'd the ſhining Band.

O had Mankind, with nobleſt Views elate,
Improv'd the Bleſſings bount'ous Heav'n gave;
Then had they not ſuppos'd a partial Fate,
Or ſhrunk with Horror from the gloomy Grave.

Founded in Rapine pow'rful Empires roſe;
And wild Ambition rul'd the human Mind;
Fell Diſcord pour'd around her baleful Woes,
And Friends were faithleſs!—Lovers were unkind!

The ſcepter'd Tyrant, ſwell'd with Hopes of Fame,
Exulting, thunders from the gorgeous Carr,
Dooms Realms to Slaughter, for a pompous Name,
And proudly glories in the Guilt of War.

By ſtern Oppreſſion ſtruck, the helpleſs Poor
From much lov'd Cottages and Hamlets fly;
Depriv'd of all—they Heav'n for Aid implore,
Neglected droop,—and unlamented die!——

Religion!—ſent by Heav'n to heal each Grief,
To point the Road where human Evils ceaſe;
Give rank'ling Miſery a ſure Relief,
And ſooth the warring Paſſions into Peace;

By Bigot-Zeal, and Superſtition fir'd,
With horrid Fury ſcatters Death around;
And deems that Wretch, moſt pious, moſt inſpir'd,
Who ſtrikes, with ruthleſs Hand, the direful Wound.

Sea-girt *Britannia*—Miſtreſs of the Iſles!—
Where Faith, and Liberty, united reign;
Around whoſe fertile Shores glad Nature ſmiles,
And *Ceres* crowns with Gifts the induſt'rous Swain.

Thy gen'rous daring Sons have nobly toil'd,
To guard thy Cliffs from arbitrary Sway;
In well fought Fields the baffled Tyrant foil'd,
Where glorious Freedom led the ard'ous Way.

Now through the Land Diſſenſion ſtalks confeſt,
With foul Miſtruſt, and Hatred in her Train;
The dire Infection runs from Breaſt to Breaſt,
And Statesmen plan,—and Patriots plead in vain.

All gracious Heav'n, avert th' impending Storm,
Bid ev'ry jealous—jarring Faction ceaſe;
Let ſweet Content reſume her lovely Form,
And o'er the Realm diffuſe perpetual Peace!

And—when again our Colours are unfurl'd,
May *Britons* nobly join one common Cauſe;
With rapid Conqueſts ſtrike the wond'ring World,
In firm Support of Liberty and Laws.

PHILASTER.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Morris Mitchell*, living near *Major Joſeph Sim*, in *Prince-George's* County, taken up as a Stray, a bright bay Horſe, appears to be twelve or 13 Years old, branded on the near Buttock ſomething like ⊃ about 13 Hands high, he is a great Jumper. The Owner may have him again on proving Property and paying Charges.

SCHEME of a LOTTERY
For raiſing 1500 DOLLARS,
FOR CLEANING AND SECURING THE DOCK IN ANNAPOLIS.

Number of Prizes		Dollars.		Dollars.
1	of	2000	is	2000
1	of	1000	is	1000
2	of	500	are	1000
4	of	250	are	1000
5	of	100	are	500
10	of	50	are	500
25	of	20	are	500
50	of	10	are	500
750	of	4	are	3000
848 Prizes.				10000
4152 Blanks.				
5000 Tickets, at Two Dollars each, amount to				10000

BY the above SCHEME, there are more than Four Blanks to a Prize, and the Prizes are ſubject to a Deduction of Fifteen *per Cent.* but as there are many of them very valuable, it is not doubted but the Tickets will very ſoon be diſpoſed of, eſpecially as a great Number of them are already engaged.

The Drawing will certainly begin on Thurſday the Tenth of *September* next, in the Preſence of Five of the Managers at leaſt, and as many of the Adventurers as chuſe to attend.

The Managers are, Meſſ. *Lancelot Jacques, William Reynolds, William Paca, Thomas Johnſon, Thomas Jenings, Samuel Chaſe, James Tilghman, William Cook, Robert Couden, John Brice, Charles Wallace, John Davidſon, Thomas Harwood, John Clapham, James Williams, Thomas Brooke Hodgkin, William Rooke, Robert Johnſon, William Deards, James Brice, Colin Campbell, James Dundaſs, John Galloway, James Brooks,* and *Samuel Harvey Howard*; who are to give Bond, and be upon Oath for the faithful Diſcharge of their Truſt.

A Liſt of Prizes will be publiſhed in the Gazette, which will be ready to be paid in One Month after drawing. Thoſe not demanded within Six Months will be deemed as generouſly given for the Emolument of the City.

*** TICKETS may be had of any of the Managers.

JAMES DICK and STEWART
Have juſt imported, in the Betſey, *Capt.* James Hanrick, *from* London,

A LARGE Aſſortment of *European* and *Eaſt India* Goods, which they will ſell cheap, either by Wholeſale or Retail, at their Stores in *Church-Street, Annapolis*, and at *London-Town*. Among the abovementioned Goods are, Hyſon, Bloon, Green and Bohea Teas, beſt *London* double and ſingle refined Sugars, in ſmall Caſks of 3 cwt. each, Lintſeed, Neatsfoot, Florence and Chamber Oil, and a large Aſſortment of China.

They have likewiſe for Sale, Sail Duck of all Numbers, Anchors from 1 ½ to 12 cwt. Grapnels, and all Sorts of Ship Chandlery and Cordage, made at *Newington* Ropewalk, where all Orders are complied with in the moſt expeditious Manner. Alſo, old Madeira Wine, by the Pipe, Hogſhead or Quarter Caſk.

Annapolis, June 15, 1772.

N. B. As we propoſe ſoon to decline the retailing Buſineſs in *Annapolis*, we will diſpoſe of the whole or any Part of our Goods at a very moderate Advance, for ready Money, Country Produce, or ſhort Credit. And we beg the Favour, that ſuch of our Cuſtomers who have not lately either diſcharged or ſettled their Accounts, would pay as ſoon as is convenient, or in the mean Time ſettle their Balance by Note or Bond, which will oblige

JAMES DICK & STEWART.

TO BE SOLD,

A LOT of Ground in the City of *Annapolis*, the Property of the late Capt. *James Reith*, whereon are a neat Brick Dwelling Houſe, a good Stone Kitchen, and ſundry other Improvements. For Terms apply to

JAMES WILLIAMS, Adminiſtrator.

N. B. All Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of the ſaid *James Reith*, either by Bond, Note, or open Account, are deſired to make immediate Payment; and all thoſe who have Demands againſt ſaid Eſtate are requeſted to bring them in, legally proved, that they may be adjuſted. (t.f.) J. W.

June 17, 177[2].
RAN away from the Subſcriber, on the 15th Inſtant, an indented Servant Man named Jo[hn] BRAND, a ſhort thick Fellow, about 5 Feet high, ſhort black Hair, very much pitted with the Small Pox, and his right Eye very red: Had on, an Osnabrig Shirt and Trouſers, Country made Shoes, an old Felt Hat, and Cotton Jacket; is ſuppoſed to have taken with him a brown Cloth Jacket with Mohair Buttons; and profeſſes to be a Seinemaker and Groom. Whoever takes up the above Servant, and ſecures him, ſo as his Maſter may have him, ſhall receive a Reward of One Piſtole, and all reaſonable Charges, paid by

STEPHEN STEWARD.

Annapolis, June 10, 177[2].
THE Judges of the Land-Office having repreſented to his Excellency the Governor, that there are a great Number of Certificates in their Office unpatented, many of them are returned by virtue of Warrants, which iſſued more than Two Years ago, and others where the Two Years are near expiring,

His Excellency being deſirous that thoſe who purchaſed Warrants in the Lifetime of the late Lord Proprietary, ſhould have the Benefit of ſuch Warrants, has directed them to give publick Notice, that Patents are made out as uſual, and that Applications for Warrants under the Proclamation will be received, and the Warrants iſſue to the firſt Diſcoverer, in preference to any other Perſon, whenever the Office ſhall be opened,

Signed per Order,
WILLIAM STEUART, Cl. Ld. Off.

Annapolis, June 4, 177[2].
JUST IMPORTED,
In the Ship Eden, *Capt.* Nicholſon, *from* London, *and to be ſold, on the moſt reaſonable Terms, by the Subſcribers, at their Store on the Front of the Dock* in Annapolis, *either Wholeſale or Retail, for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or on ſhort Credit,*

A LARGE and general Aſſortment of *European* and *Eaſt-India* Goods, ſuitable for the Seaſon. Amongſt which is a great Variety of the genteeleſt Silks and Millenery, embroidered Silk Shapes, Whalebone and all other Stay Goods, beſt *London* Porter, double and ſingle refined Sugars of different Qualities, Sail-Cloth, Jewellery, beſt *Barbadoes* Molaſſes, covado Sugar, *&c.*

WALLACE, DAVIDSON & JOHNSON.

June 22, 17[72].
RAN away from the Subſcriber, living on *Elk-Ridge*, in *Anne-Arundel* County and Province of *Maryland*, an *Iriſh* Convict Servant named *Lawrence Robertſon*; appears to be about 16 or 17 Years of Age, ſlim made, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, ſwarthy Complexion, thin Viſage, dark brown Hair, his Apparel but mean. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant, and brings him Home, ſhall have a Reward of 20 Shillings if taken within 20 Miles, 30 Shillings if 30 Miles, and if a greater Diſtance 40 Shillings, beſides what the Law allows.

JOHN DORSEY.

May 4, 17[72].
RAN away from the Ship *Molly, William Bernard* Commander, then lying at *Bentdiſt*, Two indented Servant Men; the one named Ro[bert] CUMMINS, by Trade a Barber and Peruke maker, is about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, wears his own hair of a light Colour tied behind: Had on when he went away, a dark brown Coat and Buckſkin Breeches and a Hat covered with Oilſkin. The other named RICHARD JONES, by Trade a Houſe Carpenter and Joiner, about the ſame Height as the former, with his own dark Hair, and is pitted with the Small Pox: Had on a light coloured Coat and dirty Buckſkin Breeches. Whoever takes up the above Servants, and ſecures them in any Jail within this Province, ſhall receive Three Pounds Reward, or Two Shillings for either, beſides what the Law allows, and if taken out of the Province Five Pounds for both, or in Proportion, and reaſonable Charges, if brought to *Annapolis*. JOHN CLAPHAM.

Juſt imported, and to be ſold by the Subſcriber, at his Store, near the Church in Annapolis,

A NEAT Aſſortment of *European* and *Eaſt-India* Goods, ſuitable to the Seaſon, amongſt which are a Parcel of genteel Silks, and faſhionable for fine Clothes. COLIN CAMPBELL.

THERE is at *Charles Carroll's* Plantation, beyond *Elk-Ridge*, taken up as a Stray, a Pieball Horſe, his Head almoſt all white, white Legs, nigh 13 Hands high. The Owner may have him on proving Property and paying Charges.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by ANNE CATHARINE GREEN and SON, at the PRINTING-OFFICE: Where all Perſons may be ſupplied with this GAZETTE, at 12*s.* 6*d.* a Year; ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length, are inſerted the Firſt Time, for 5*s.* and 1*s.* for each Week's Continuance. Long Ones in Proportion to their Number of Lines.——At ſame Place may be had, ready Printed, moſt kinds of BLANKS, *viz.* COMMON and BAIL BONDS; TESTAMENTARY LETTERS of ſeveral Sorts, with their proper Bonds annexed; BILLS of EXCHANGE; SHIPPING-BILLS, *&c. &c.* All Manner of PRINTING-WORK performed in the neateſt and moſt expeditious Manner, on applying as above.